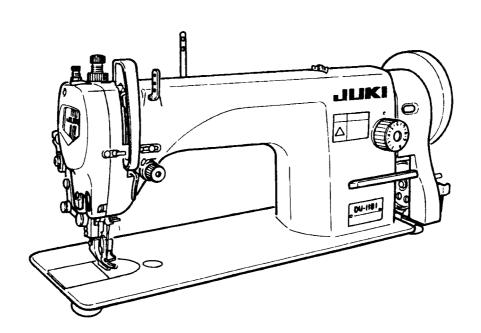


1-NEEDLE, TOP AND BOTTOM FEED LOCKSTITCH MACHINE WITH A LARGE HOOK

DU-1181 DU-1181N

ENGINEER'S MANUAL



Introduction

This Engineer's Manual is for technical service engineers. In the instruction manual for the maintenance engineers of sewing machines and sewing workers in a sewing factory, how to operate a sewing machine is also described in detail. However, in this manual, [Adjustment Procedure], [Results of Value Change for Adjustment], and the roles of each component are described: these are not included in the instruction manual.

When maintenance is performed for our sewing machines, refer not only to this manual, but also to the instruction manual and parts list.

This engineer's manual describes the basic adjusting values as the reference values in the first page, and the observed events caused by sewing and mechanical faults as the [Results of Value Change for Adjustment] and [Adjustment Procedure] in the second page.

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1. Specifications

| No. | Item | Specifications |
|-----|--|--|
| 1 | Model | DU-1181/DU-1181N |
| 2 | Model Name | 1-needle, top and bottom feed lockstitch machine with a large hook |
| 3 | Applications | For medium-weight and heavy-weight materials |
| 4 | Sewing Speed | Max. 2,000 rpm. |
| 5 | Needle | DP x 17#14 to #23 (Standard: #21), (DB x 1 available) |
| 6 | Thread | #40 to #8 |
| 7 | Stitch Length | Max. 9 mm (for both normal and reverse feed stitching) |
| 8 | Presser Foot Lift | Using hand lifter: 5.5 mm, Using a knee lifter: 15 mm |
| 9 | Stitch Length Regulating Method | Using butterfly dial |
| 10 | Reverse Feed Stitching | Using hand lever |
| 11 | Thread Take-up Lever | Link type |
| 12 | Needle Bar Stroke | 36.5mm |
| 13 | Amount of Alternating Vertical Movement of the Walking Foot and Presser Foot | 2mm to 5mm |
| 14 | Hook | Large hook with automatic lubrication system |
| 15 | Feed mechanism | Feed forked connecting slider type |
| 16 | Top Feed Mechanism | Linked with hook driving mechanism |
| 17 | Rotating Hook Driving Shaft System | Using beveled gear |
| 18 | Lubrication | Automatic lubrication (Manual lubrication only for top feed section) |
| 19 | Oil Return Flow | Circulated with plunger pump |
| 20 | Lubricating Oil | JUKI Machine Oil No. 7 (equivalent to ISO VG7) |
| 21 | Grease | JUKI Grease A (White) Tube of 10g grease (Part No.: 40006323), or 500g can (P/art No.: 23640204) |
| 22 | Bed Size | 178mm to 476.6mm |
| 23 | Space under the Needle | 261mm to 122.6mm |
| 24 | Motor | 4P-400W Clutch Motor |
| 25 | Transmission Belt | M Type V-Belt |
| 26 | Weight of Machine Head | 31Kg |

2. Model Designation of the Head Section

(1) DU-1181

Name: 1-Needle, Top and Bottom Feed Lockstitch Machine with a Large Hook

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 **DU 1 1 8 1 –**

| 8 | Specification Code for Destination |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Α | Standard (WEEE compatible) |
| G | China (within China) |
| D | U.S.A. and Japan |

| 9 | Accessory Specification Code |
|---|------------------------------|
| Α | Standard |
| В | CE compatibel |

(2) DU-1181N

Name: 1-Needle, Top and Bottom Feed Lockstitch Machine with a Large Hook

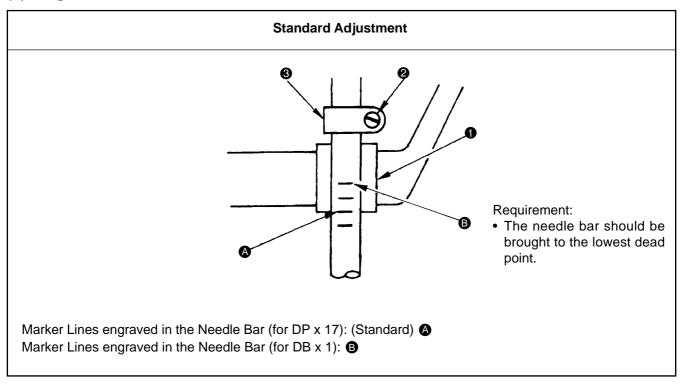
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 **DU 1 1 8 1 N** —

| 9 | Specification Code for Destination |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Α | Standard (WEEE compatible) |
| G | China (within China) |
| D | U.S.A. and Japan |

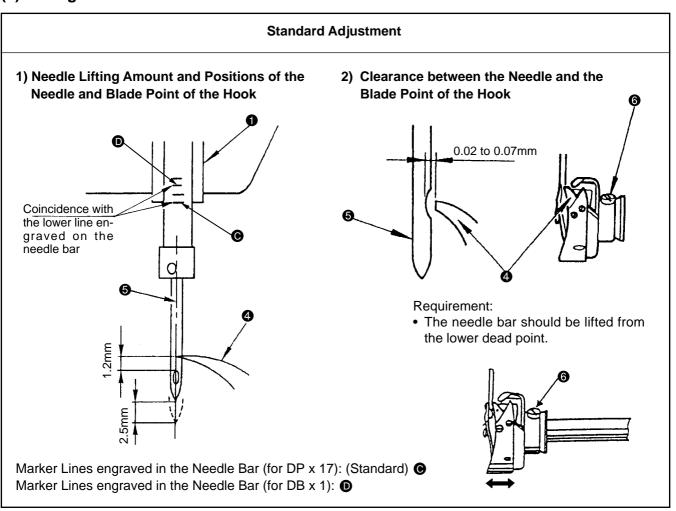
| 10 | Accessory Specification Code |
|----|------------------------------|
| Α | Standard |
| В | CE compatibel |

3. Standard Adjustment

(1) Height of Needle Bar



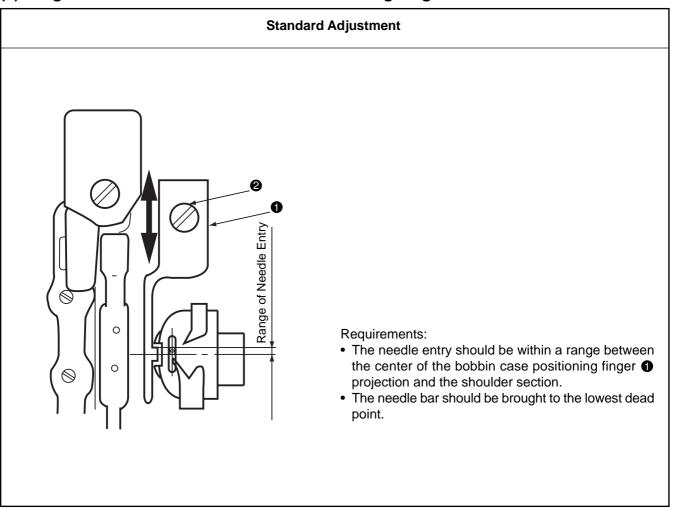
(2) Timing between the Needle and the Hook



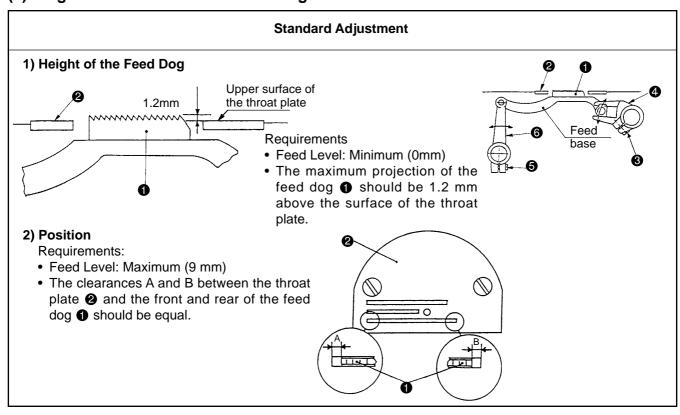
| Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|--|---|
| Turn the hand-wheel to bring the needle bar to the lowest dead point. Loosen the clamping screw of the needle bar connecting bracket. Align the marker line of engraved in the needle bar to the lower end of the needle bar lower metal of and fasten the clamping screw of the needle bar connecting bracket. (Cautions) 1. For the needle DP x 17 (Standard), use the second marker line of from the lowest, engraved in the needle bar. For the needle DB x 1, use the fourth marker line of from the lowest, engraved in the needle bar. After adjustment, make sure that the outer presser foot does not come in contact with the needle bar. | o Stitch skipping or thread breakage may be caused. |

| Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|--|---|
| 1) Needle Lifting Amount and Positions of the Needle and Blade Point of the Hook 1. Loosen the set screw of the throat plate and remove the throat plate. 2. Lift the needle bar 2.5 mm up from the lowest dead point. 3. Align the marker line ③ (for DP x 17) to the lower end of the needle bar lower metal ④. For the needle DP x 17 (Standard), use the lowest engraved marker line ⑤ on the needle bar. For the needle DB x 1, use the third marker line ⑥ from the lowest engraved on the needle bar. 4. When the positions of the needle ⑤ and the blade point ⑥ of the hook are adjusted, loosen the hook set screw ⑥ and turn the hook by hand. Then align the center of the needle ⑥ with the blade point ⑥ of the hook. 2) Clearance between the Needle and the Blade Point of the Hook 1. When setting the clearance between the needle ⑥ and the blade point ⑥, loosen the hook set screw ⑥ so taht the clearance of 0.02 to 0.07 mm is provided between the needle ⑥ and the blade point ⑥. | o Irregular stitches, stitch skipping or thread breakage may be caused. o Irregular stitches, particularly isolated idling loops, will occur when the hook timing is too early or too late. o Irregular stitches can be improved when the hook timing is appropriately set later. o When the hook timing is set too late, the thread tension may be lowered. o Isolated idling loops can be improved when the hook timing is set appropriately earlier. |
| | |

(3) Lengthwise Position of Bobbin Case Positioning Finger



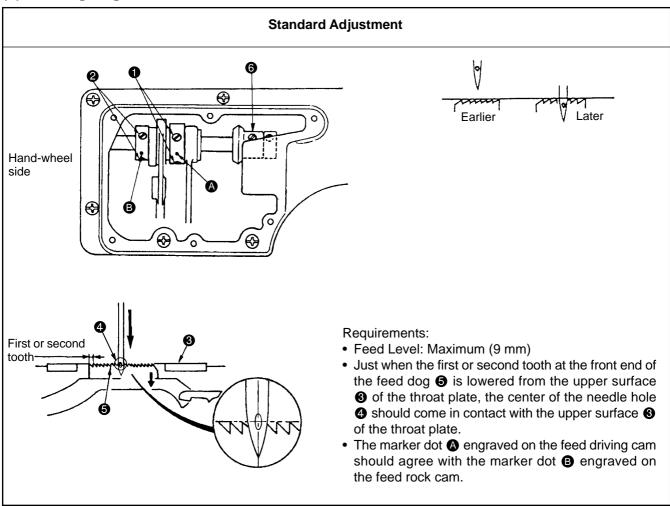
(4) Height and Position of the Feed Dog



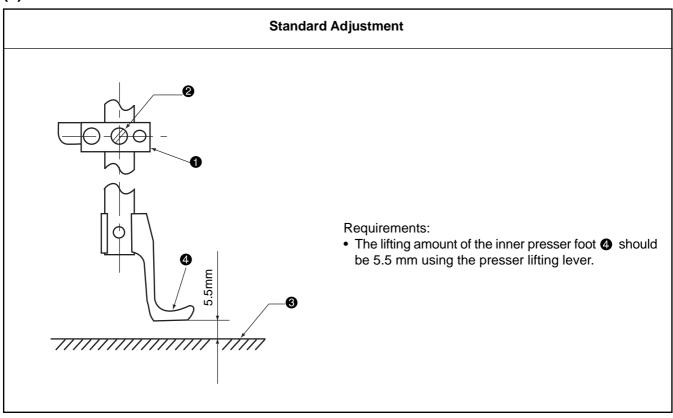
| Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|---|---|
| Turn the hand-wheel to bring the needle bar to the lowest dead point. Loosen the set screw of the bobbin case positioning finger . Move the bobbin case positioning finger in the arrow direction so that the needle entry is within the range between the center of the projection on the bobbin case positioning finger and the shoulder section and fix it using the set screw of the bobbin case positioning finger . | o Thread tension failure may be caused. |
| | |

| 1) Height of the Feed Dog 1. Set the stitch dial to 0 mm on the scale. 2. Turn the hand-wheel and set the feed dog to the position where it projects to the upper limit from the throat plate . 3. Loosen the feed driving fork end clamping screw to move the feed driving fork end up and down and set the height of the feed dog the stitch length may become larger than the value specified in the stitch dial. 2. Position 1. Set the stitch dial to 9mm on the scale. 2. Loosen the feed bar arm clamping screw and make sure that the feed dog moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the throat plate moves evenly to the feed dog moves | Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|--|--|---|
| | Set the stitch dial to 0 mm on the scale. Turn the hand-wheel and set the feed dog 1 to the position where it projects to the upper limit from the throat plate 2. Loosen the feed driving fork end clamping screw 3 to move the feed driving fork end 4 up and down and set the height of the feed dog 1.2 mm higher than the upper surface of the throat plate. Then, fix the clamping screw. Position Set the stitch dial to 9mm on the scale. Loosen the feed bar arm clamping screw 3 and make sure that the feed dog 1 moves evenly to both the front and rear grooves on the | excessive: o The feed dog will come in contact with the throat plate 2. o The stitch length may become larger than the value specified in the stitch dial. o Irregular stitches may be caused. If the height of the feed dog is insufficient: o The stitch length may become shorter than the value specified in the stitch dial. o The feed driving force may be weakened. Position: o The throat plate 2 may come in contact with the feed dog , and the feed bar arm may come in contact with the bed, resulting in |

(5) Feeding Alignment



(6) Hand Lifter



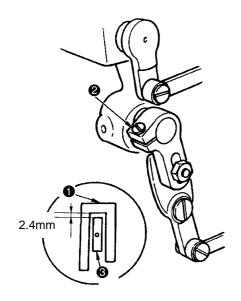
| | Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|---|--|---|
| Loosen th Turn the needle ho the first or | itch dial to 9 mm on the scale. The feed driving cam set screw ①. The feed driving cam to the position where the center of the sole ② contacts the upper surface ③ of the throat plate and the second tooth at the front of the feed dog ⑤ sinks from the face ③ of the throat plate. Then, fix the feed driving cam. | Feed Driving Cam If the feed driving timing is earlier: o Isolated idling loops will be improved, but the thread tension is lowered. If the feed driving timing is later: o Irregular stitches may be caused. The thread tension will be improved. o The needle breakage may be caused. The feed dog action will be different in forward feed stitching from that in the reverse feed stitching, compared to that in standard adjustment. |
| 2. Loosen th 3. Align the marker do cam. | Cam itch dial to 9 mm on the scale. he feed rock cam set screw ②. marker dot ③ engraved on the feed driving cam with the ot ⑤ engraved on the feed rock cam and fix the feed rock Three points; the screw No. 1 of the feed driving cam, the screw No. 1 of the feed rock cam and the screw No. 2 of the upper bevel gear ⑥ are almost aligned in line. In the adjustment, if the feed rock cam is deviated in the direction of the arm shaft, the machine operation may feel heavy. | Feed Rock Cam o The stitch length in forward and reverse feed stitching, also, the sewing pitch may differ from those specified in the stitch dial. Irregular stitching may be caused. |

| Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|---|---|
| Lift the hand lifter. Loosen the clamping screw of the presser lifting bracket . Adjust the distance from the upper surface of the throat plate to the bottom surface of the inner presser foot to set it to 5.5 mm. Then fix the hand lifter using the clamping screw of the presser lifting bracket . | If the height is too high: o The cloth feeding operation may not be stable because the bottom surface of the inner presser foot is not in close contact with the upper surface of the throat plate. |

(7) Upper Feed Motion

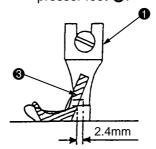
Standard Adjustment

1) Outer Presser Foot Position

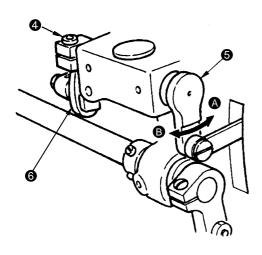


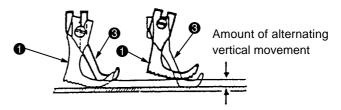
Requirements:

- Feed Level: Maximum (9 mm)
- A clearance of 2.4 mm should be provided between the outer presser foot and inner presser foot when the outer presser foot
 and the inner presser foot
 are rested on the throat plate and the outer presser foot
 is brought closest to the inner presser foot



2) Amount of Interactive Movement of the Outer Presser Foot and the Inner Presser Foot

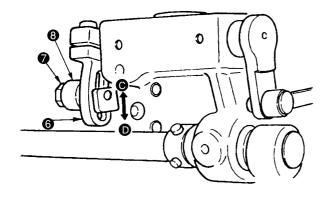




Requirements:

- Feed Level: Minimum (0 mm)
- The inner pressure foot 3 should be 1.2 mm (the height of the feed dog) higher than the outer presser foot 1.
- The amount of alternating vertical movement of the outer presser foot should be equal to that of the inner presser foot .

3) Amount of Alternating Vertical Movement of the Outer Presser Foot and the Inner Presser Foot



Requirement:

 The marker line engraved on the top feed arm 6 should be aligned with the center of the cam rod hinge screw 7.
 (Amount of alternating vertical movement for top feed: 2.5 mm)

Adjustment Procedure

Results of Improper Adjustment

1) Position Adjustment for the Outer Presser Foot

- 1. Set the stitch dial to 9 mm on the scale.
- Lower the inner presser foot 3 onto the throat plate and turn the hand-wheel. Stop the hand-wheel when the outer presser foot 3 is brought closest to the inner presser foot 3.
- 3. Loosen the connecting arm clamping screw 2.
- 4. Move the outer presser foot ① by hand and fix it with the connecting arm clamping screw ② so that the clearance of 2.4 mm is provided between the outer presser foot and the inner presser foot ③.

 o If the position is set incorrectly, top feed components may come in contact each other, which results in abnormal noise.

2) Amount of Interactive Movement of the Outer Presser Foot and the Inner Presser Foot

- 1. Set the stitch dial to 9mm on the scale.
- 2. If the movement of the outer presser foot is insufficient: (Movement of the inner presser foot ③ is excessive).
 - (1) Loosen the clamping screw 4 of the top feed arm 6.
 - (2) Align the thread take-up lever with the upper dead point and lower the presser bar lifter.
 - (3) Move the top feed shaft **5** slightly in the direction **B** and fix it with the clamping screw **4**.
- 3. If the movement of the outer presser foot is excessive: (Movement of the inner presser foot (a) is insufficient).
 - (1) Loosen the clamping screw 4 of the top feed arm 6.
 - (2) Align the thread take-up lever with the upper dead point and lower the presser bar lifter.
 - (3) Move the top feed shaft **5** slightly in the direction **A** and fix it with the clamping screw **4**.

(Caution) When the amount of alternating vertical amount is 3 mm or more, the amount of alternating vertical movement of the outer presser foot ① and the inner presser foot ③ should be set to equal.

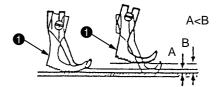
Amount of Alternating Vertical Movement of the Outer Presser Foot and the Inner Presser Foot

- 1. Loosen the cam rod hinge screw **1** using a spanner of 14 mm.
- 2. Adjust the cam rod 3 boss position by moving it up or down (and fix it using the cam rod hinge screw .
 - o Upper Position : Max. Movement (5 mm)
 - o Lower Position **(2 mm)**: Min. Movement (2 mm)

(Cautions) 1. When the sewing operation is performed while the amount of alternating vertical movement of the outer presser foot and the inner presser foot is at around the maximum, irregular stitch length may be caused. In such a case, lower the sewing speed (reduce the number of motor revolutions).

2. When the amount of alternating vertical movement is changed for sewing a heavy material, make sure that the needle bar does not come in contact with the outer presser foot ①.

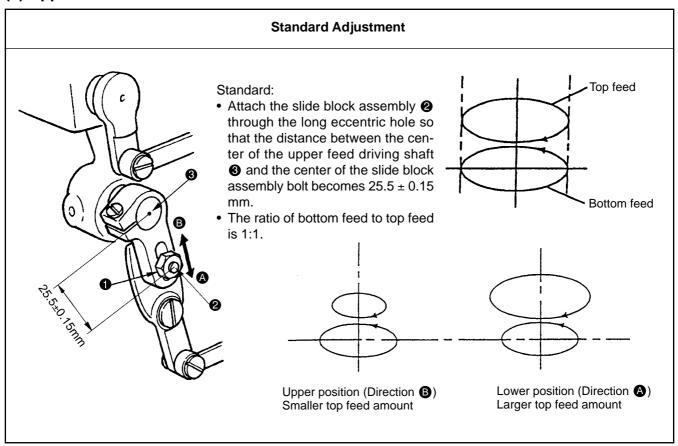
- o Depending on the materials to be sewn, set the alternating vertical movement of the outer presser foot ● to a slightly larger value. In the following cases:
 - Sponge material is sewn.
 - Overlapped section of the material is sewn.
 - · Piping stitches are performed.



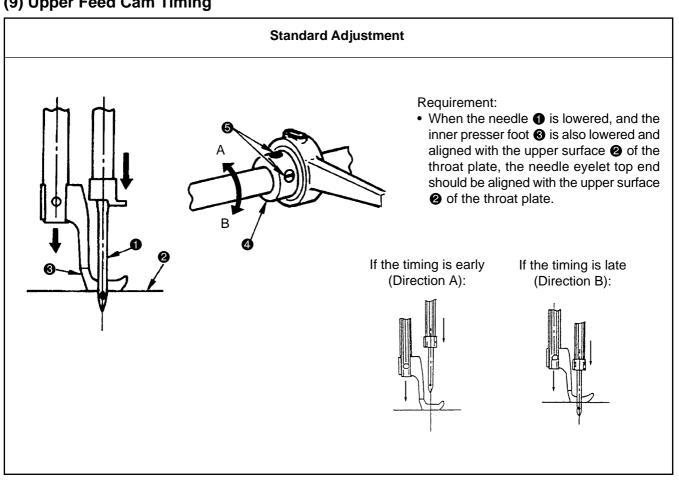
If the amount of alternating vertical movement of the outer presser foot and inner presser foot is greatly different from the standard values:

- o The stitch length may differ from the value specified in the stitch dial.
- The feed force will be lowered. In such a case, lower the sewing speed (the number of motor revolutions).
- Depending on the material to be sewn, increase the height of the presser feet.
 - In the following cases:
 - Sponge material is sewn.
 - Overlapped section of the material is sewn.
- When the movement amount is increased, the stitch length may differ from the value specified in the stitch dial.
- When the movement amount is increased, the feed force may be decreased. In this case, lower the sewing speed (the number of motor revolutions) slightly.

(8) Upper Feed Differential



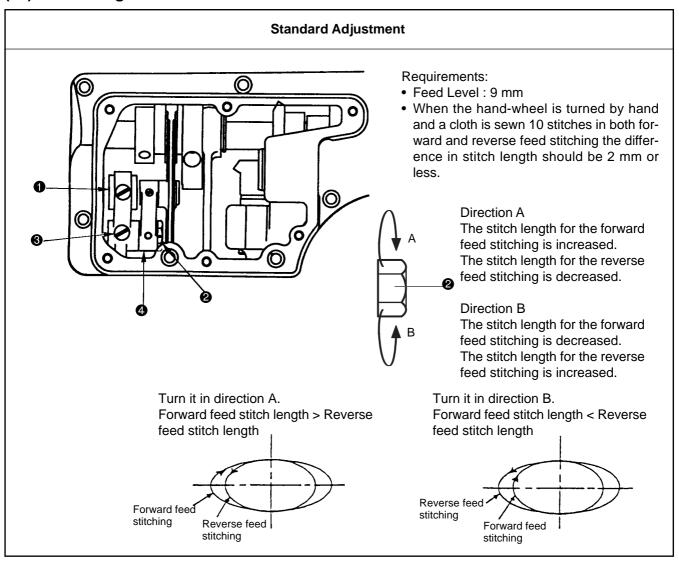
(9) Upper Feed Cam Timing



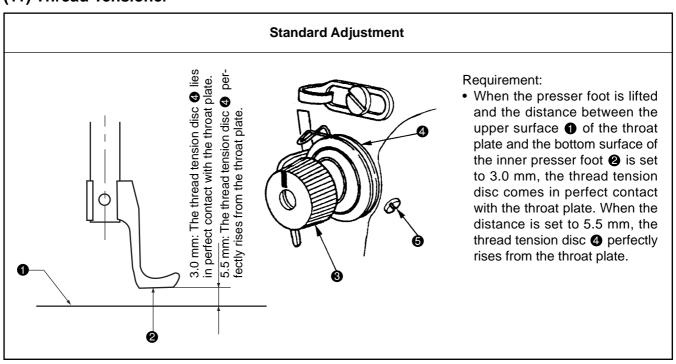
Adjustment Procedure Results of Improper Adjustment If it is set to the upper position: 1. Lift the presser bar lifter. The upper cloth is insuffi-2. Loosen the slide block nut 1 using a spanner of 11 mm. ciently fed, so will be curved 3. Adjust the position of the slide block assembly 2 up or down (B, in the direction of arrow. A) and fix it using the slide block nut 1. Cloth Deviation If it is set to lower position: The upper cloth is excessively fed, so will be curved in the direction of arrow. Deviation Cloth o Check the item of (7) Upper Feed motion-1) because the position of the outer presser foot is changed. o Deviation will occur between the upper cloth and the lower cloth. o Change it depending on the sewing condition.

| Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|---|--|
| 1. Loosen the two set screws ③ of the upper feed cam ④. 2. When the upper surface ② of the throat plate is aligned with the inner presser foot ③, turn the upper feed cam ④ so that the top end of the needle ④ eyelet is aligned with the upper surface ② of the throat plate. Then fix it, using the set screws ⑤. | If the timing is early (Direction A): o The stitch length may differ from the value specified in the stitch dial. (The stitch length becomes smaller). o The load of the reverse feeding may be given to the walking foot. If the timing is late (Direction B): o The needle thread may easily split finely. o The stitch length may differ from the value specified in the stitch dial. (The stitch length becomes larger). |

(10) Stitch Length in Forward and Reverse Feed



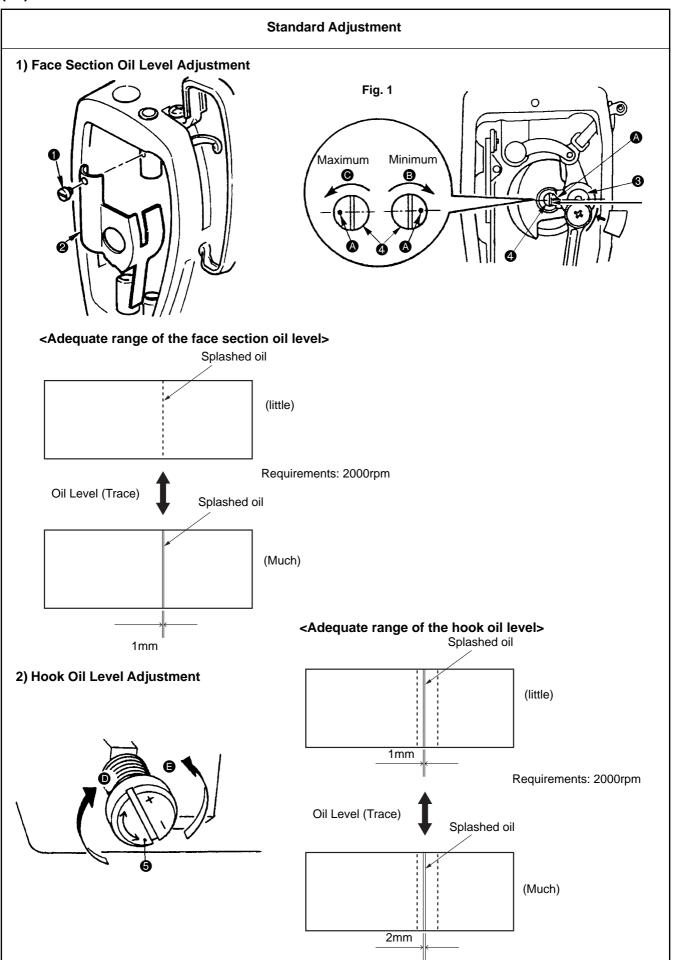
(11) Thread Tensioner



| Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|---|--|
| Set the stitch dial to 9 mm on the scale. Loosen the set screw of the pin on the feed regulator base pin on the feed regulator base pin on the spanner of 14 mm, fix it using the set screw of the using a spanner of 14 mm, fix it using the set screw of the pin of the use of the use of the pin of | o The stitch length in the normal feed stitching may differ from that in the reverse feed stitching. |

| Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|--|---|
| Insert a gauge of 3.0 mm into the gap between the throat plate upper surface and the inner pressure foot and lower the hand lifter. Loosen the set screw of the thread tensioner (assembly) and fix it with the set screw of the thread tensioner (assembly) at a position where the thread tension disc occurrence does not rise. | If the thread tension disc starts rising too early: o The thread tension disc 4 may rise during stitching, which may cause thread tension failure. If the thread tension disc 4 starts rising too late: o The thread tension disc may not rise even when the hand lifter is lifted. The thread is pulled out while tension is given to it. |

(12) Lubrication



| Adjustment Procedure | Results of Improper Adjustment |
|---|--|
| 1) Face Section Oil Level Adjustment 1. Loosen the set screw | If the hook oil level is insufficient: o Thread tension may be insufficient. o The hook will generate heat and be worn out earlier, which may cause seizure of the hook. o Ilrregular stitches may be caused. If the hook oil level is excessive: o The thread will be stained with oil. The cloth also may be stained with oil. |

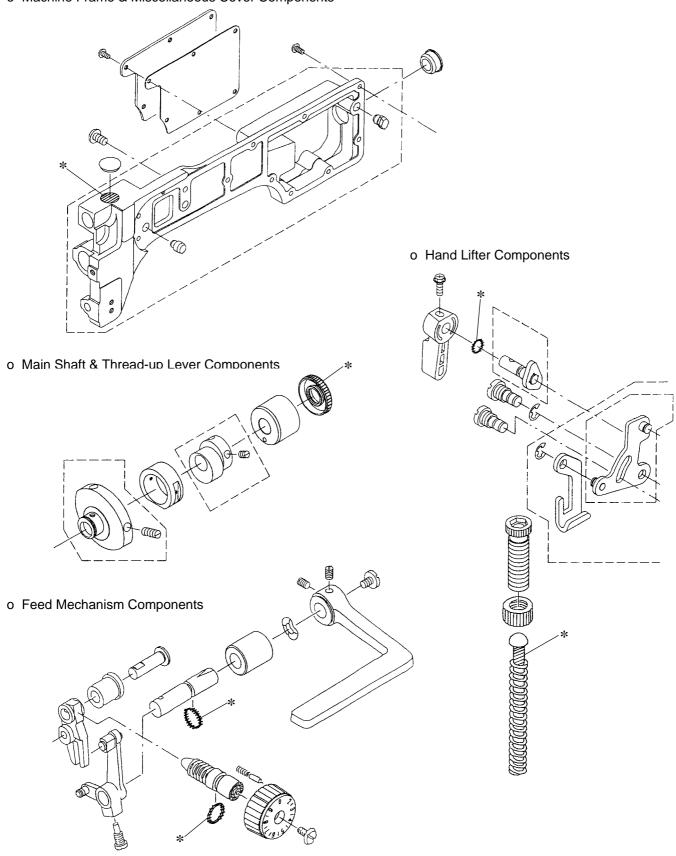
4. Grease Application

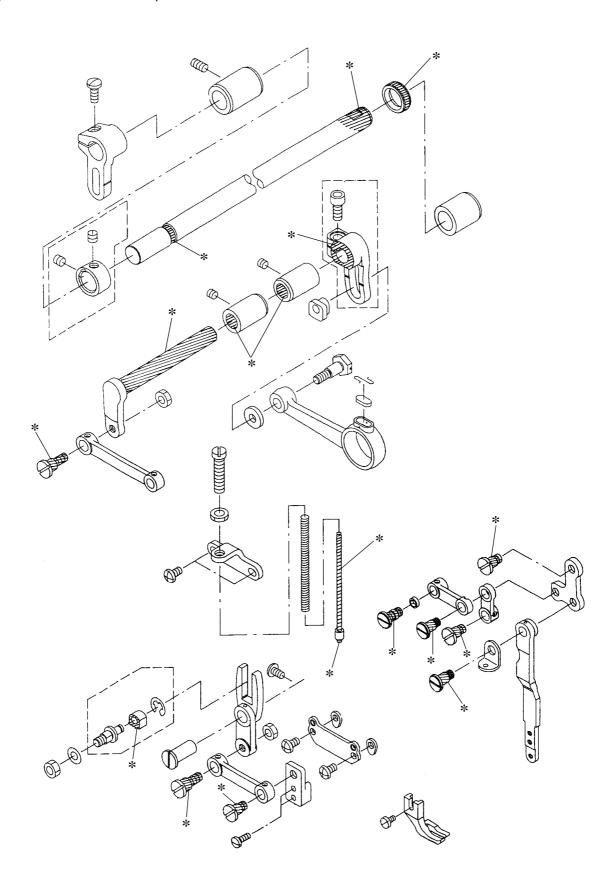
The lubricating locations in component assembling work are as follows.

o If any component disassembling work is performed, apply JUKI Grease A (a tube of 10g white grease: P/N 40006323) or 500g can (P/N 23640204) onto the specified locations.

* Greasing : ZZZZZZ

o Machine Frame & Miscellaneous Cover Components





5. List of Selective Combination Parts and Maintenance Parts

Selective Combination Parts

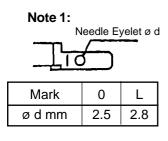
| No. | Selective Combination Part Name | Part No. | Remarks |
|-----|---------------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| 1 | L-plate Rod Presser Washer A | 40029413 | Standard (t = $2.1_{-0.02}^{0}$ mm) |
| 2 | L-plate Rod Presser Washer B | 40029414 | Selective (t = $2.05_{-0.02}^{0}$ mm) |
| 3 | L-plate Rod Presser Washer C | 40029415 | Selective (t = $2.0_{-0.02}^{0}$ mm) |

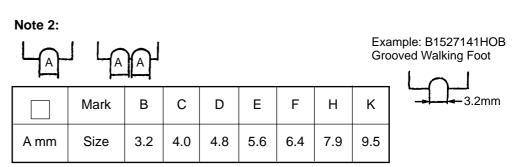
Maintenance Parts

| No. | Maintenance Part Name Part No. | | Remarks |
|-----|--------------------------------|-------------|---------|
| 1 | Hook (Assembly) | 40032702 | |
| 2 | Bobbin | 40021610 | |
| 3 | Bobbin Case (Assembly) | 40021609 | |
| 4 | Needle (DP x 17 #21) | MDP170B2100 | |

6. Optional Parts

| No. | Note | Part No. | Part Name | Remarks | |
|-----|------|--------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| 1 | | B1524141HAB | Movable Walking Foot | | |
| 2 | 1 | B1525141H0 🗌 | Movable Presser Foot | | |
| 3 | | B1526141H0A | Fixed Walking Foot | | |
| 4 | | B1526141H00 | Fixed Presser Foot | | |
| 5 | 2 | B1527141H0 🗌 | Grooved Walking Foot | Cord Piping | |
| 6 | | B1527141H00 | Grooved Presser Foot | Cord Fipling | |
| 7 | 2 | B1528141H0 🗌 | Back-cut Grooved Walking Foot | F | |
| 8 | | B1527141H00 | Back-cut Grooved Presser Foot | For cord piping (Curve) | |
| 9 | 2 | B1529141H0 🗌 | Double Grooved Walking | | |
| 10 | | B1527141H0W | Double Grooved Presser Foot | For double cord piping | |
| 11 | | B1525141H0P | Walking Foot for Decorative Stitching | | |
| 12 | | B1526141H0P | Presser Foot for Decorative Stitching | | |
| 13 | | B1526141H0Q | Walking Foot Left Piece | | |
| 14 | | B1526141H0U | Presser Foot Left Piece | For edge stitching (Right) | |
| 15 | | B1526141H0R | Walking Foot Right Piece | For oder officion (Loft) | |
| 16 | | B1526141H0S | Presser Foot Right Piece | For edge stitching (Left) | |
| 17 | | B1526141H0T | Walking Foot for Small Material | | |
| 18 | | B1526141H0B | Presser Foot for Small Material | | |
| 19 | | 40035279 | Synchronizer holder Plate | Q'ty : 1 | |
| 20 | | 40035280 | Synchronizer holder Stud Q'ty : 1 | | |
| 21 | | SS7110710SP | Screw 11/64-40 L=7 Q'ty : 1 | | |
| 22 | | WP0501016SD | Washer 5x10.5x1 Q'ty:1 | | |
| 23 | | BT0630520Z0 | Holder Cover Q'ty: 0.02m | | |

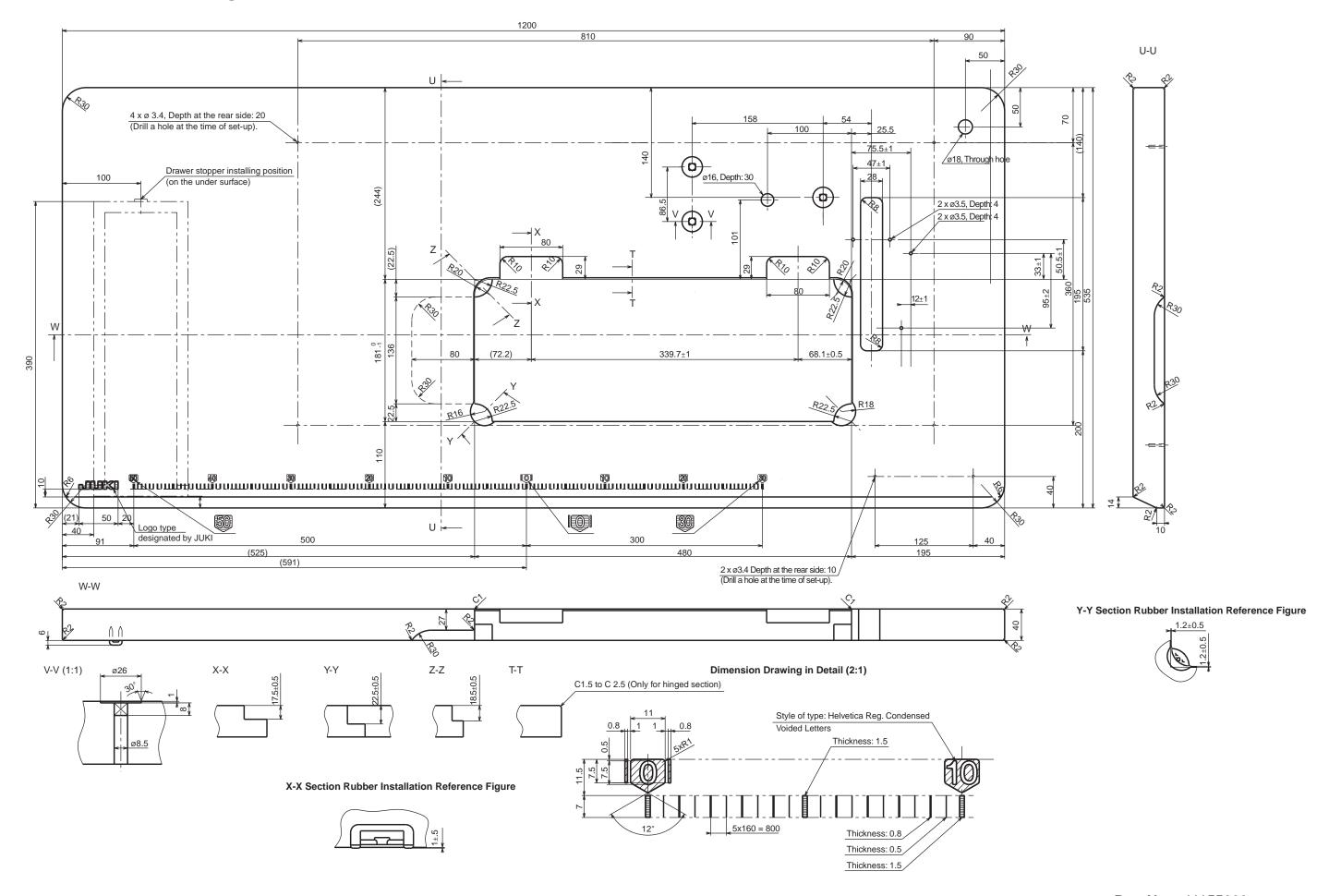




| Problems | Description | Causes | Check | Treatment and Corrective Measures |
|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 1. Needle Thread Breakage | 1-1) Needle thread splits finely or breaks during sewing. | 1-A) Scratches in needle path, needle tip, hook blade point, or throat plate bobbin case resting groove section. | A-1) Check the scratches in each section. | For the scratches on the hook blade point, polish the hook blade point with fine sandpaper. For the groove section on the throat plate, finish it off, using a buff. |
| | | 1-B) Needle thread tension is excessive. | | Adjust the needle thread tension properly. |
| | | 1-C) Needle comes in contact with the blade point of the hook. | C-1) Check for the clearance between the needle and the hook. | Refer to 3(2) Timing between the Needle and the Hook. |
| | | 1-D) Oil level in the hook is insufficient. | D-1) Check the oil level. | Replenish oil properly. Refer to 3(12) Lubrication. |
| | 1-2) 2 to 3 cm of the needle thread is left on the | 2-A) Needle thread tension is insufficient. | | Adjust the needle thread tension properly (in many cases, it is caused by synthetic thread). |
| | rear of the material. | 2-B) Tension of the thread take-up spring is too high or stroke of the thread take-up spring is too small. | | Re-adjust the thread take-up spring tension and stroke. |
| | | 2-C) Feed timing is improper. | | Refer to 3(5) Timing of the Cloth Feed Action. |
| | | 2-D) Timing between the hook and the needle is too early or too late. | D-1) Check for the specified dimensions. | Refer to 3(2) Timing between the Needle and the Hook. |
| | | 2-E) Needle generates heat, resuting in thread breakage. | | Decrease the sewing speed, or use silicon oil. |
| 2. Stitch Skipping Test Report | | 2-A) Clearance between the needle and the blade point of the hook is too large. | A-1) Check for the clearance between the needle and the blade point of the hook. | Refer to 3(2) Timing between the Needle and the Hook. |
| o In the case that needle the | nread breakage and stitch skip- particular when synthetic thread | 2-B) Timing between the needle and the hook is too early or too late. | B-1) Check for the specified dimensions. | Refer to 3(1) Height of Needle Bar and 3(2) Timing between the Needle and the Hook. |
| | I # 40) ne thread is wound around the | 2-C) Presser foot fails to rest on throat plate. (Pressure is too low) | C-1) Check for the presser foot pressure. | Fasten the presser adjusting screw. |
| needle. | | 2-D) Height of the needle bar is incorrect. | D-1) Check for the needle bar lowest dead point. | Refer to 3(1) Height of Needle Bar. |
| a. To decrease the lifting am | ount of the presser foot will help | 2-E) Blade point of the hook is blunt. | E-1) Check for the blade point shape. | Repair the blade point of the hook or replace the hook with a new one. Needle Needle Blade point of the hook |
| with needle breakage. | ount of the presser loot will help | 2-F) Selected needle is incorrect. | | Select the needle which is one-rank thicker. |
| | To t | he next page | | |

| Problems | Description | Causes | Check | Treatment and Corrective Measures |
|---|-------------|---|---|--|
| 4. Irregular Stitching | | 4-A) Bobbin thread tension is insufficient. | | Re-adjust the bobbin thread adjusting spring in the bobbin case. |
| | | 4-B) The bobbin thread is tightly wound around the bobbin. | B-1) Check for the winding level of the thread (particularly with synthetic thread). | Decrease the tension of the bobbin thread winder. |
| Any irregular stitches can be improved when the tension and the stroke of the thread take-up spring is adjusted to be reduced and smaller, respectively. As the tension of the needle thread adjusting spring becomes relatively stronger, the thread delivery will be stabilized. | | 4-C) Stroke of the thread take-up spring is improper. | C-1) Check the movement level level of the thread take-up spring from the initial position when the hook draws the thread at maximum. | Adjust the thread take-up spring so that the movement level is about 1 mm from the initial position when the hook draws the threat at maximum. |
| | | 4-D) Bobbin thread does not pass through the bobbin thread take-up spring in the bobbin case. | D-1) Check for the bobbin thread path. | Correct the thread path in the bobbin case. |
| | | 4-E) Thread path is not smooth. | E-1) Check for the thread path in each section. | Polish with fine sandpaper or finish it with buff. |
| | | 4-F) Bobbin does not perform smoothly. | F-1) Pull the bobbin thread out and check for the change in the bobbin thread tension. | Replace the bobbin or hook with a new one. |
| 5. Pitch Error | | 5-A) Feed timing is improper. | | Refer to 3-(5) Timing of the Cloth Feed Action. |
| | | 5-B) Backlash in Feed mechanism section. | B-1) Check the feed base, forked rod and forked sheath for backlash. | Remove the backlash in each section. |
| 6. Thread comes off from the thread tension disc of the thread winder. | | 6-A) Thread is twisted. | | Wind the thread around the spool arm of the hread spooling unit. |

8. Table Dimension Diagram









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The environmental management system to promote and conduct
(the technological and technical research, the development and
design of the products in which the environmental impact is considered,

(the conservation of the energy and resources, and the recycling, in
the research, development, design, distribution, sale and maintenance service of the industrial sewing machines, household sewing machines and industrial-use robots, etc. and in the sale and
maintenance service of data entry system and in the purchase, distribution and sale of the household commodities including the
healthcare products.



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